Chief Executives Board

Migration

IOM Director General William Swing

Madrid, 5 April 2013



Main Points:

- I. Why Migration at the CEB?
- 2. Paper Draft Outcomes & Recommendations on Migration
- 3. Conclusion and Suggestions

Why Migration at the CEB?

1. Upcoming 2nd HLD

- Positive GFMD, HLD 2006 Appraisal
- Exponential interest growth in migration since HLD 2006

2. Preparation for post-2015 UN Development Agenda

- Highly relevant for all Member States
- 20 years after ICPD Cairo Conference
- Growing attention to migration-development nexus
 - Expert Policy Dialogue, Stockholm
 - Global Leadership Meeting on Population Dynamics, Dhaka

Migration Mega-Trend: One in Seven

7 billion Population | I billion Migrants



214 million International

740 million Internal

Urbanization: 50% + Feminization: ca. 50%

2040: 400+ Million International Migrants

Even faster migration growth than last 25 years



International Migrants in Context

Population: Between 4th and 5th Largest Countries

Indonesia	4th	237 million
International Migrants		214 million*
Brazil ■ Brazil	5th	193 million

Economic Contribution: Size of Large GDPs

Saudi Arabia	23 rd.	USD 434 billion
Annual Migrant Remittances	24 th.	USD 400 billion*
= Austria	28 th.	USD 379 billion

^{*} Sources: World Bank



Global Increased Interest: Reflected in IOM Growth 2001–2013



Member States: 90 → 149



Offices: $150 \rightarrow +440$ locations



Staff: $2600 \rightarrow 8500$ (97% field-based)



Projects: 830 → 2800



Annual Expenditures: \$286.6 mil. $\rightarrow \$1.2$ billion

The only global agency dedicated to migration and addressing all aspects of migration worldwide

Need for whole-of-government and whole-of-system approaches

- 1. Cut across policy sectors
- 2. Broad partnerships: a range of perspectives
- 3. Commitment to constructive dialogue:
 - UN System and IOM collaborate in preparations leading up to the HLD
 - True system-wide coherence: Proposed recommendations and outcomes

CEB April 2012 Mandate for Proposed Outcomes & Recommendations on Migration

Welcomed HLCP recommendation that UNFPA & IOM prepare, in collaboration with GMG, draft outcomes / recommendations on migration for 2013 HLD

 <u>Set Jan. 2013 report deadline</u> to HLCP to enable system-wide consultation for CEB Spring session - TODAY

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I. Why Migration at the CEB?

2. Paper - Draft Outcomes & Recommendations on Migration

3. Conclusion and Suggestions

Recommendations Paper: Broad Consensus – 27 Entities

- All 16 GMG members
- 8 non-GMG agencies
- SRSG for Int. Migration and Development Sutherland
- Sp. Rapporteur on Human Rights of Migrants Crépeau
- NGO Committee on Migration

9 Key Points for Improved Policies & Practices for Migrants & Societies

- I. Facilitate greater mobility: necessary, inevitable, desirable
- 2. Make migration genuine choice, not desperate necessity
- 3. Protect migrants & migrants' human rights
- 4. Focus on migration's human development potential
- 5. Harmonize migration policies & development goals
- 6. Address public perceptions of migrants and migration
- 7. Hard to distinguish: forced and voluntary migration ensure protection and assistance for most vulnerable
- 8. Cooperate with all partners
- 9. Balanced measures against migration's harmful forms & effects

5 Areas Identified for Recommendations

- I. Human Rights & Development Aspects of Migration inadequately addressed
- 2. Knowledge & Evidence Base need to strengthen
- 3. Multi-Sectoral Mainstreaming of Migration not in MDGs, opportunity for post-2015?
- 4. Inter-State & Stakeholder Engagement & Cooperation progress made, to continue
- 5. Trends to Watch

critical issues and trends

I.Advancing Human Rights & Human Development Aspects of Migration

HLD should:

• Place human rights of all migrants

high on policymakers' agenda

Reaffirm relevance of migration to human development
 in destination & origin countries

2. Strengthening the Knowledge and Evidence Base

With respect to migration and its outcomes for individuals and societies, HLD should promote:

- Evidence-based policymaking on migration
- Greater investment in data, research, needs assessment, evaluations & capacity development

3. Mainstreaming Migration into Development Policies and post-2015 UN Dev. Agenda

HLD should urge countries to mainstream migration into development, poverty reduction and sectoral strategies.

HLD should prioritize:

Migration in post-2015 UN Development Agenda.

4. Improving Inter-State & Multi-Stakeholder Engagement and Cooperation

HLD should

- Reaffirm commitment to existing cooperation mechanisms
- Strengthen their impact
- Strive for greater stakeholder involvement at all levels
 - including non-governmental partners.

5. Trends to Watch

HLD should highlight:

- Critical issues, trends and dynamics not necessarily new– that will shape migration globally and locally
- In particular, the migration-development nexus.

HLD should underline need for data, research, capacity development & proactive policy approaches in these areas:

- Stranded migrants & migrants caught in crises
- Linkages: migration, environmental degradation, climate change
- Migration's impact on urbanization
- Urban migrants' vulnerabilities
- Regional mobility: South-South migration

Conclusion and Suggestions

CEB support for Paper invaluable for highlighting:

• Progress since 2006 – especially with the GFMD,

with SRSG Sutherland's work

GMG-linked consensus-building: strong process

A wealth of detailed examples in contributions to Paper:

UNFPA & IOM leading effort, with HLCP,
 to finalize publication of all inputs this summer