

SURVEY ON MIGRATION AND HUMAN TRAFFICKING IN UKRAINE, MOLDOVA, BELARUS AND GEORGIA, 2019



Norwegian Ministry
of Foreign Affairs

Published under the Counter-Trafficking Programme of the International Organization for Migration (IOM) in Ukraine, with funding from the Norwegian Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE STUDY



A survey on migration and human trafficking in Ukraine, Moldova, Belarus and Georgia was conducted by Info Sapiens on request of the International Organization for Migration (IOM) Mission in Ukraine with financial support from the Norwegian Ministry of Foreign Affairs in June-August 2019.



The study was conducted using a national representative survey "Omnibus" in-home interviews methodology. The sample consisted of 2,000 respondents in Ukraine, 1,106 respondents in Moldova, 1,041 respondent in Belarus, 1,001 respondent in Georgia.



The sample represents the population older than 18 y.o. (older than 16 y.o. in Ukraine) by sex, age, settlement size and region (non-government controlled areas in Ukraine, Moldova and Georgia are excluded).

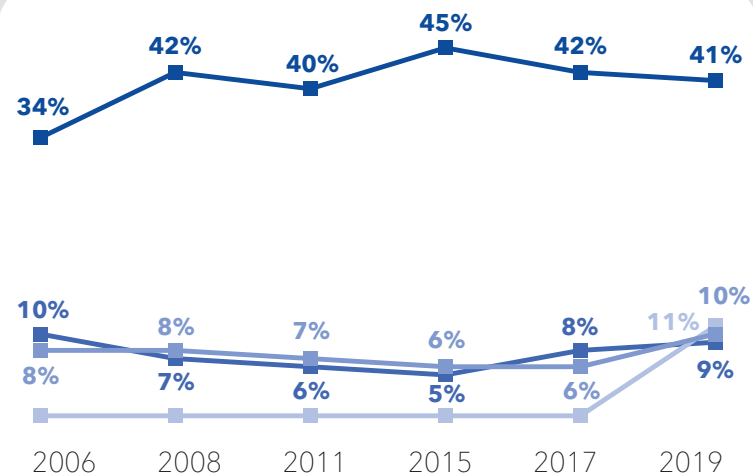


In Ukraine, Moldova and Belarus the previous surveys were conducted in 2006, 2008, 2011, 2015, 2017, in Georgia the 1st wave was conducted in 2019.

THE ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PEOPLE WORKING ABROAD AT THE TIME OF THE SURVEY



SHARE OF EXTENDED FAMILIES WITH LABOUR MIGRANTS



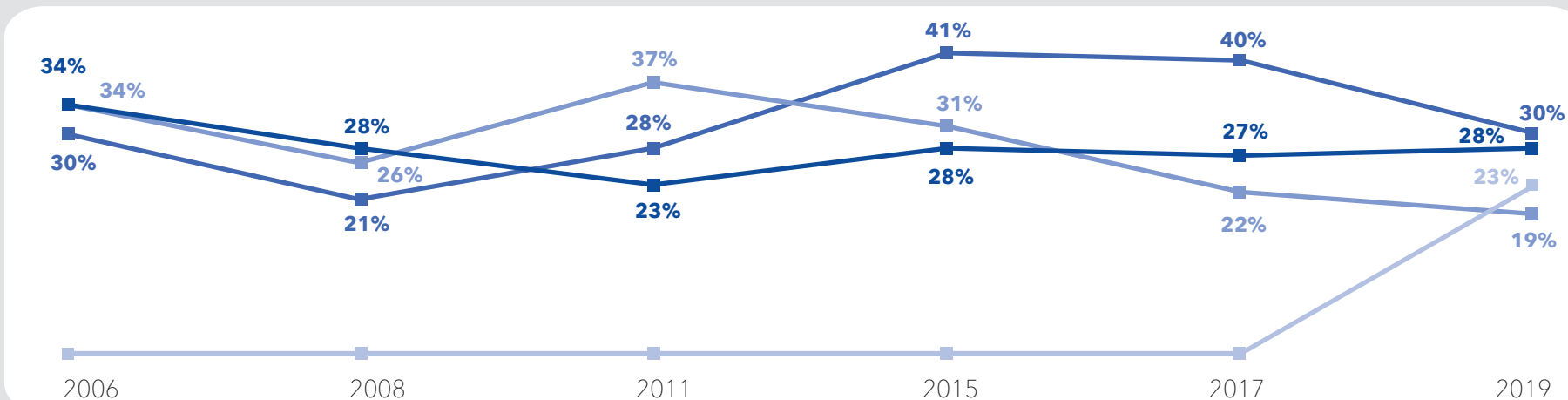
ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PEOPLE WORKING ABROAD



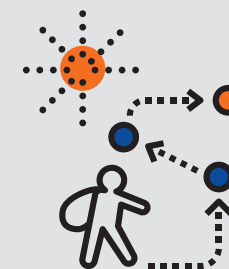
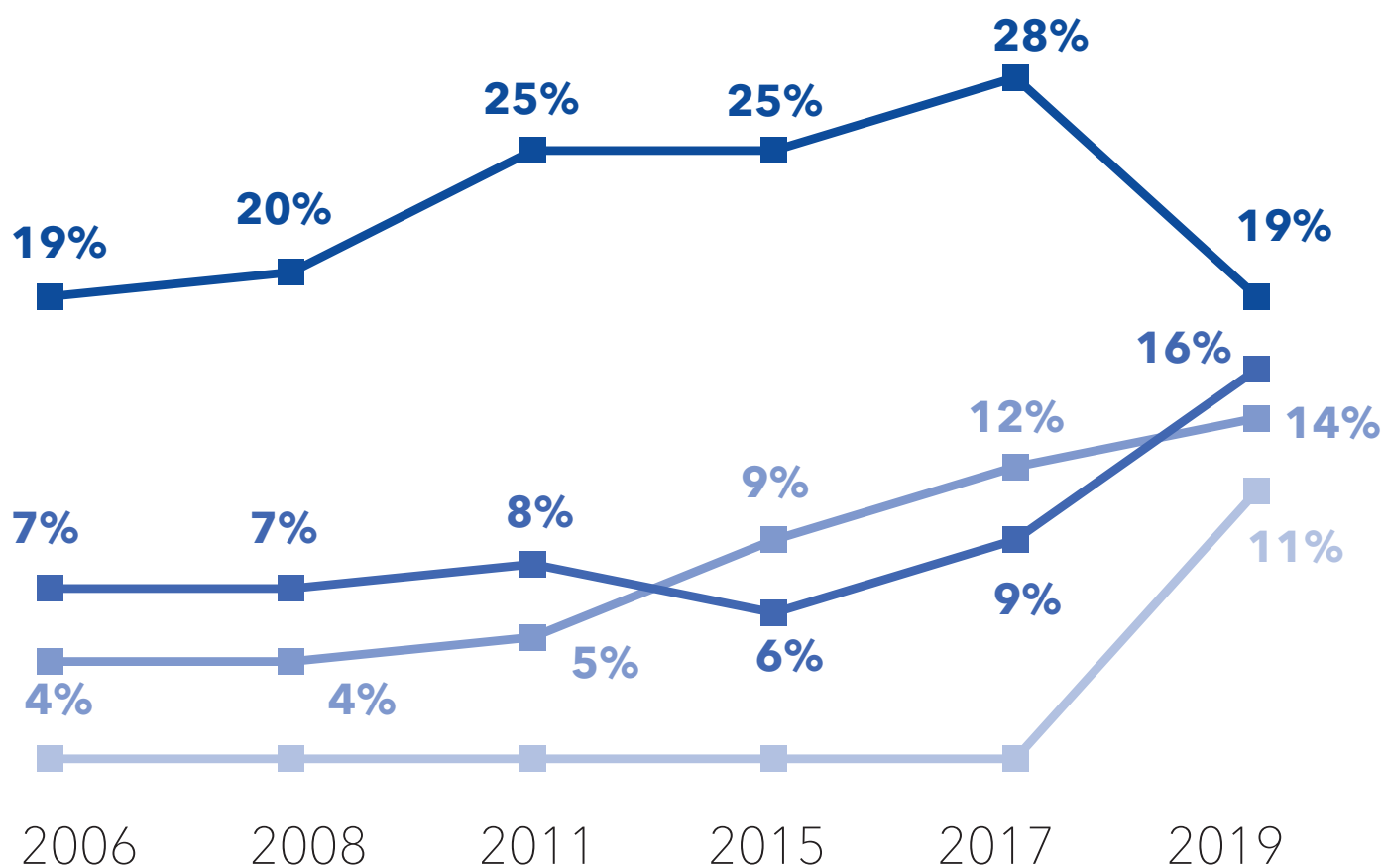
Thousands of people



ESTIMATED THE SHARE OF MIGRANTS WORKING UNOFFICIALLY, %

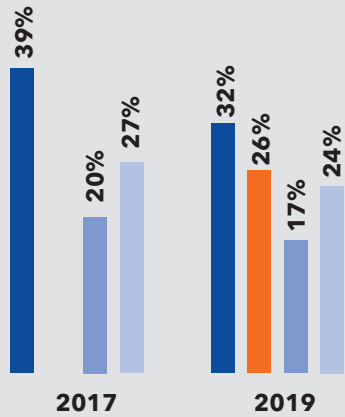


NUMBER OF POTENTIAL LABOUR MIGRANTS AMONG THE POPULATION (% OF THOSE WHO ALREADY HAVE FOUND OR PLAN TO FIND A JOB ABROAD IN THE NEAREST FUTURE AMONG GENERAL POPULATION OF EACH COUNTRY)

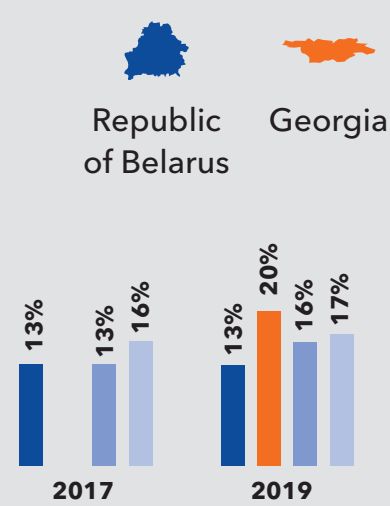


THE RATE OF POTENTIAL MIGRATION IS SIGNIFICANTLY HIGHER AMONG MEN THAN AMONG WOMEN IN ALL COUNTRIES.

DESIRED CATEGORIES OF JOBS ABROAD



Qualified work in your profession



Republic of Belarus

Georgia

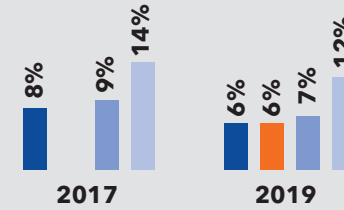


Republic of Moldova

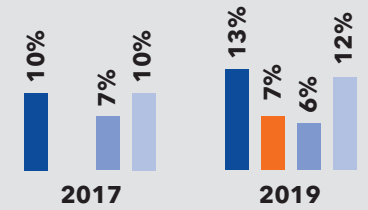
Ukraine



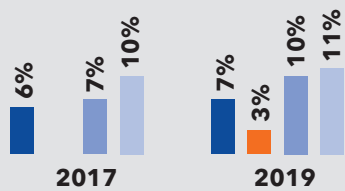
Construction works



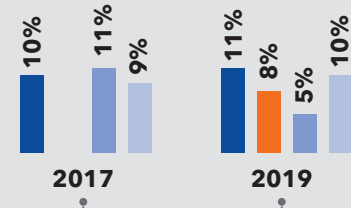
Agricultural works



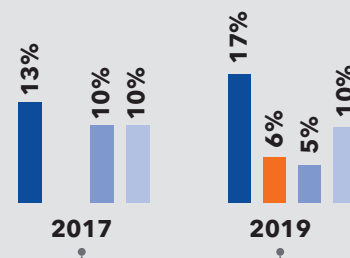
Hotel business (chambermaid, receptionist)



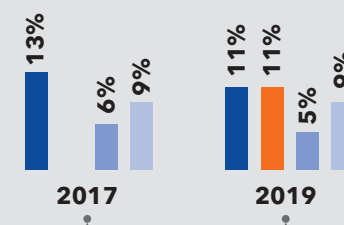
Low-skilled work at the factory/plant



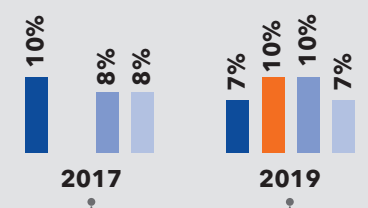
Restaurant/cafe (waitress, barman)



Transport and communication

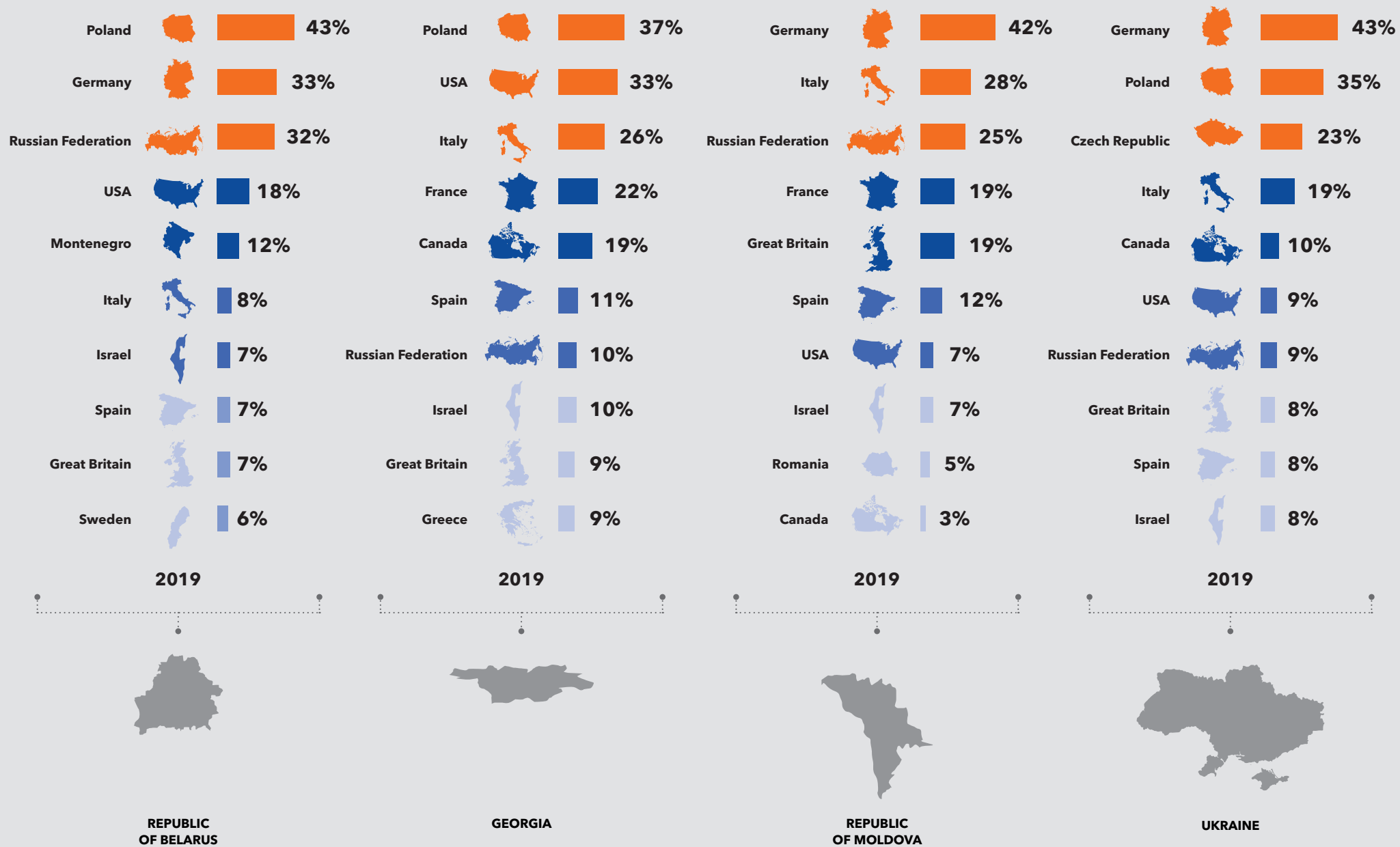


Trade (salesman)

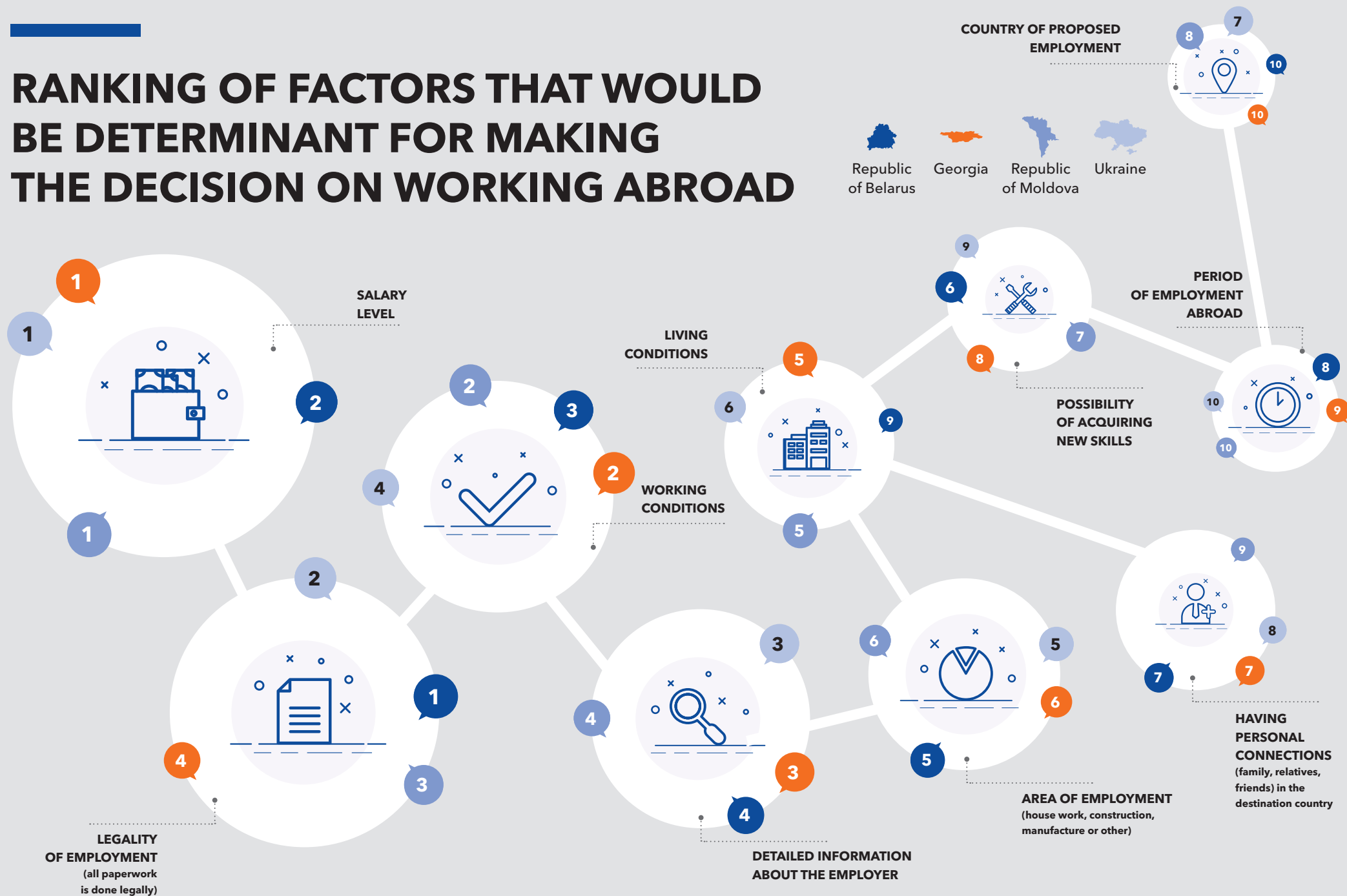


Any kind of work

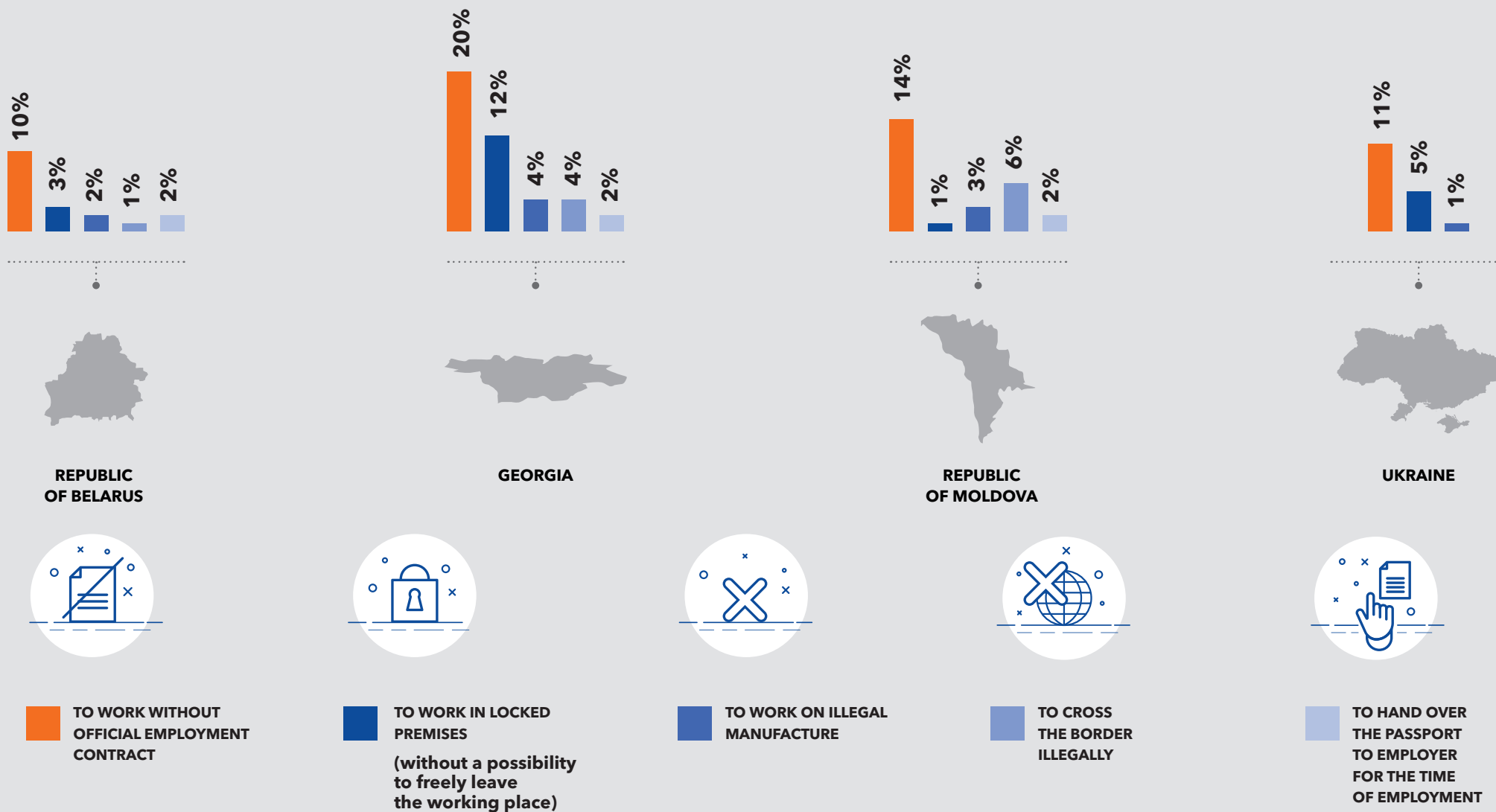
DESIRED COUNTRIES FOR WORKING ABROAD



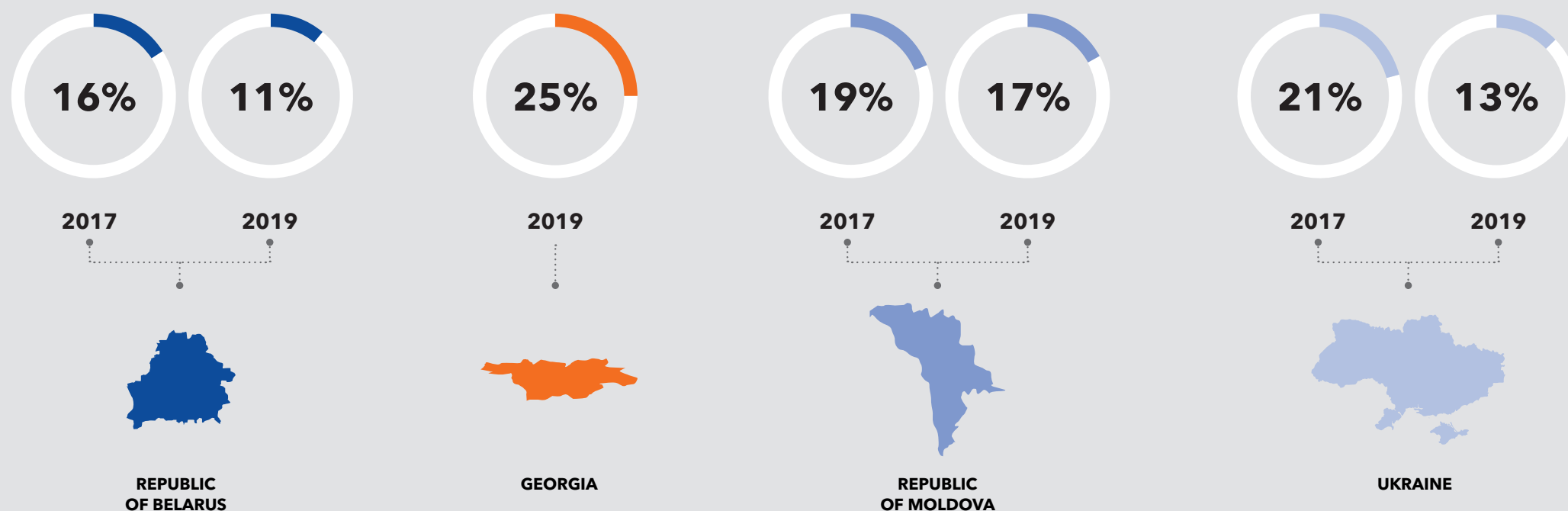
RANKING OF FACTORS THAT WOULD BE DETERMINANT FOR MAKING THE DECISION ON WORKING ABROAD



READINESS TO ACCEPT RISKY OFFERS DURING WORKING ABROAD



SHARE OF THE POPULATION READY TO AGREE FOR AT LEAST ONE RISKY OFFER DURING WORKING ABROAD THAT MAY LEAD TO A HUMAN TRAFFICKING SITUATION

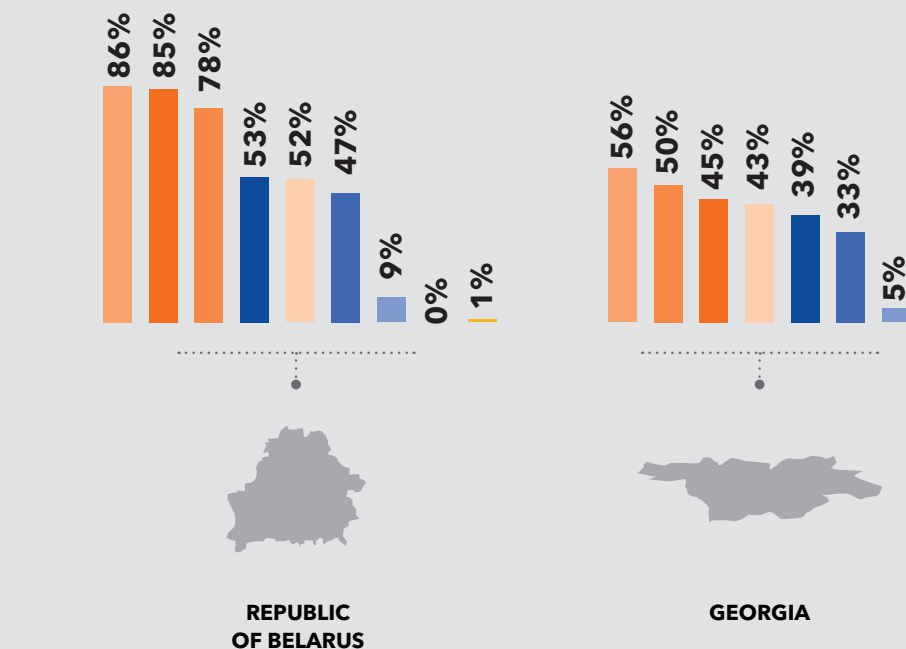
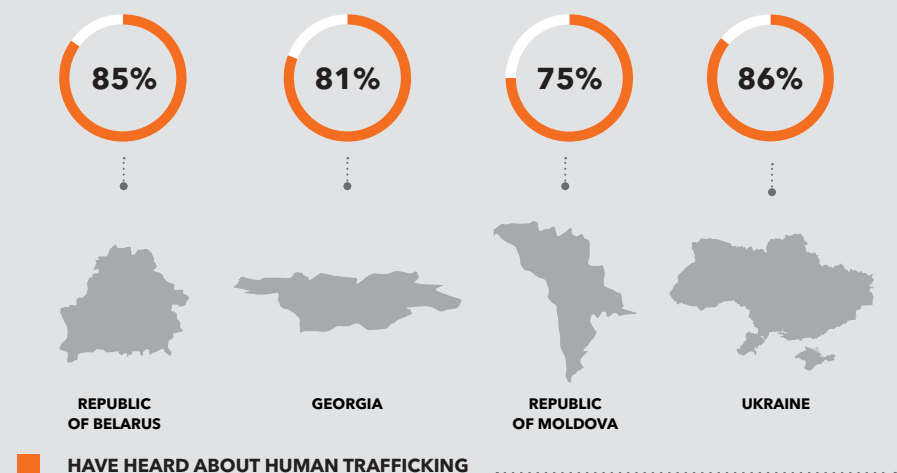


VULNERABLE GROUP IS MORE REPRESENTED AMONG MEN, PEOPLE YOUNGER THAN 44 YEARS AND WITH SECONDARY SPECIAL EDUCATION IN ALL COUNTRIES. IN UKRAINE AND MOLDOVA, THE SHARE OF THE VULNERABLE GROUP IS HIGHER IN RURAL AREAS.

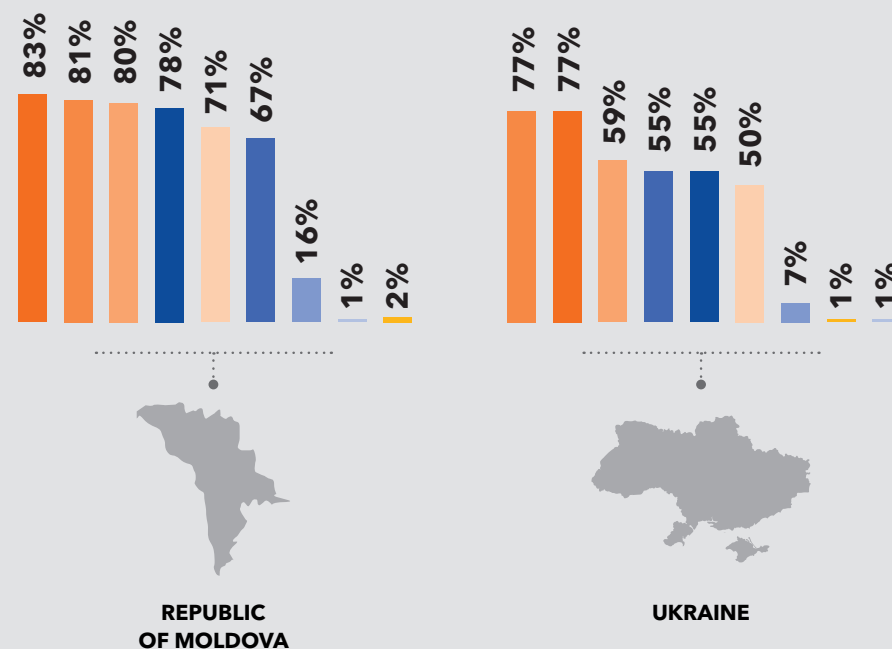
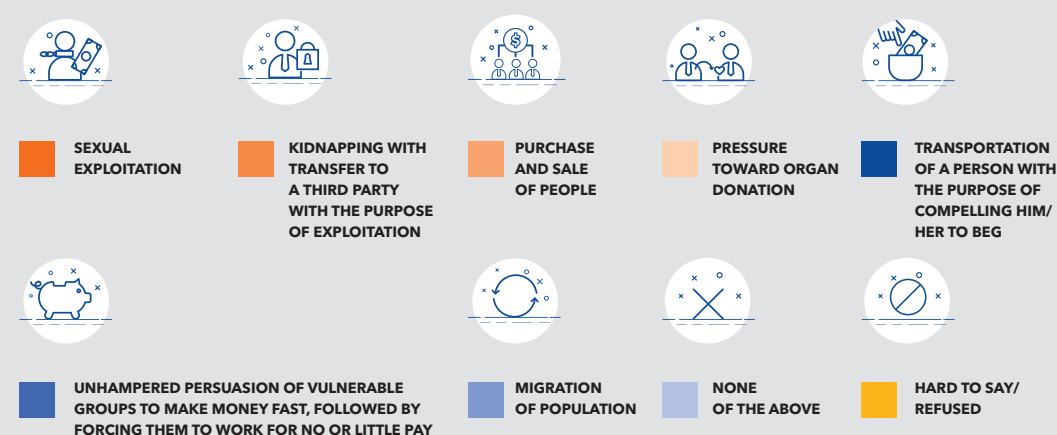
In this study the definition of persons who are at risk of becoming the victims of human trafficking abroad (**hereinafter – the vulnerable group**) is linked not to migration intentions, but to potential acceptance (answering “yes” and “more yes than no”) of at least one of the following risky conditions of working abroad: if the person whom you trust offered you a high-paid job abroad in the sphere that suits you, would you agree:

- To work without official employment contract?
- To work in a closed room (without the possibility to freely leave your working place)?
- To illegally cross the border?
- To work at the illegal production factory/plant (unregistered enterprise)?
- To hand your passport over to the employer for the whole period of your employment?

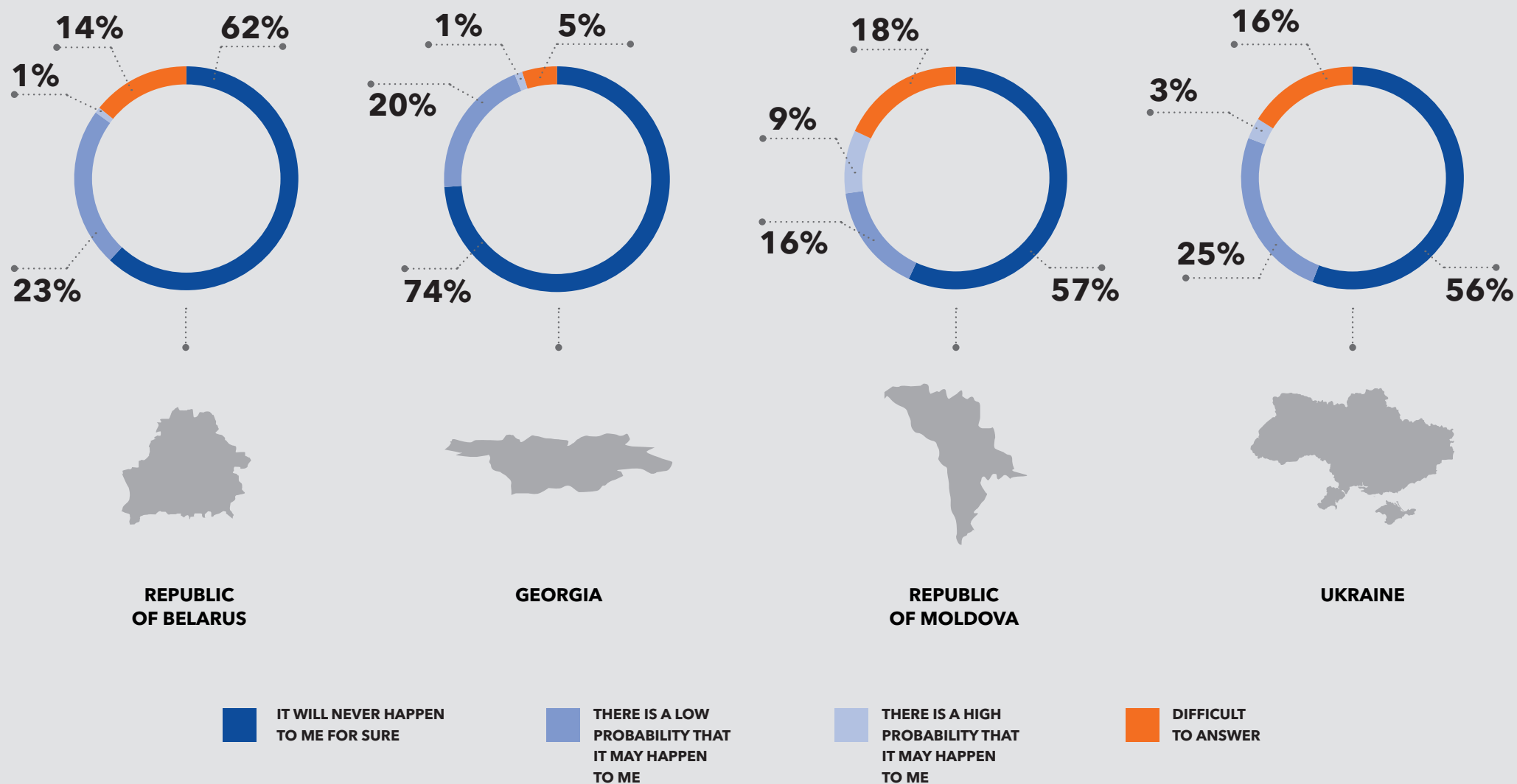
AWARENESS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING

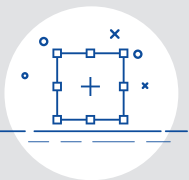


UNDERSTANDING OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING (AMONG THOSE HAVE HEARD ABOUT IT)

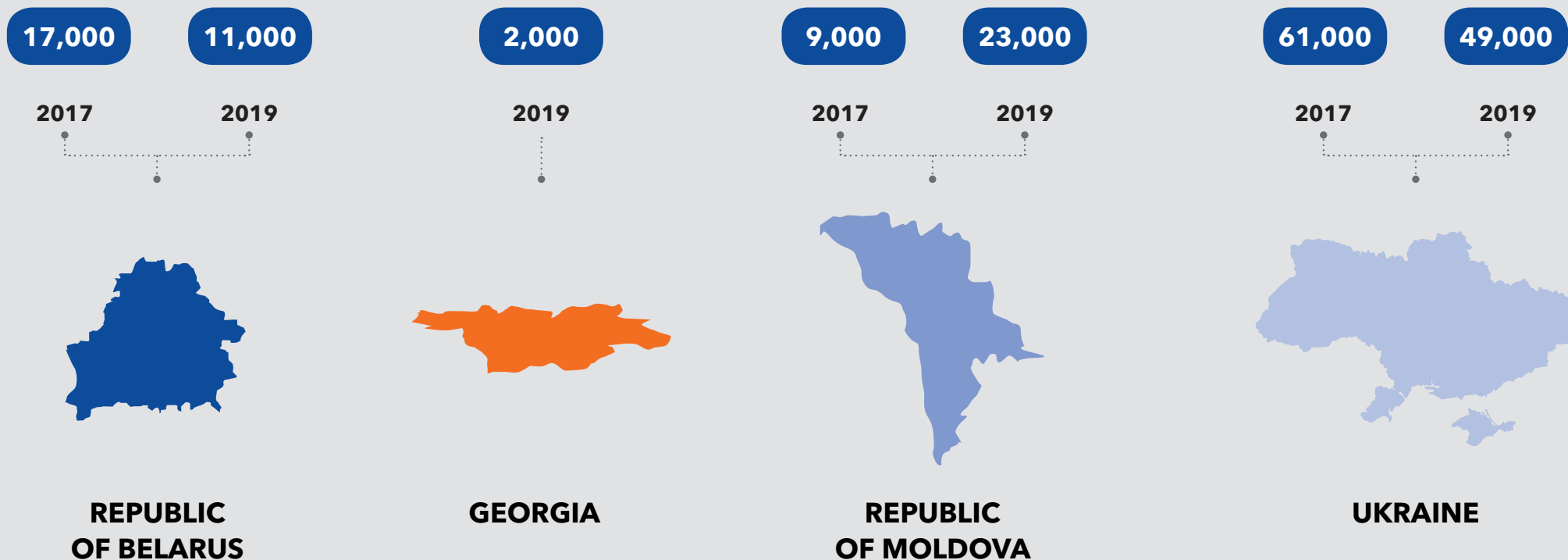


PERCEPTION OF PERSONAL RISK TO SUFFER FROM HUMAN TRAFFICKING (AMONG THOSE WHO HAVE HEARD ABOUT HUMAN TRAFFICKING)





PREVALENCE OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING

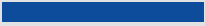


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Estimated number of people who suffered from trafficking situations during last 3 years

260,000

ACCORDING TO ESTIMATES OF THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR MIGRATION (IOM), MISSION IN UKRAINE, MORE THAN 260,000 UKRAINIANS SUFFERED FROM HUMAN TRAFFICKING SINCE 1991



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THE NATIONAL TOLL-FREE COUNTER-TRAFFICKING AND MIGRANT ADVICE HOTLINE

0 800 505 501

(toll-free from all landline phones in Ukraine)

527

(toll-free from all mobile phones in Ukraine)



WWW.STOPTRAFFICKING.ORG



WWW.527.ORG.UA



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